



# ENABLING DATA SHARING BY EXTENDING THE DATA MESH IN A FEDERATED ENVIRONMENT

Pierluigi PLEBANI

Politecnico di Milano

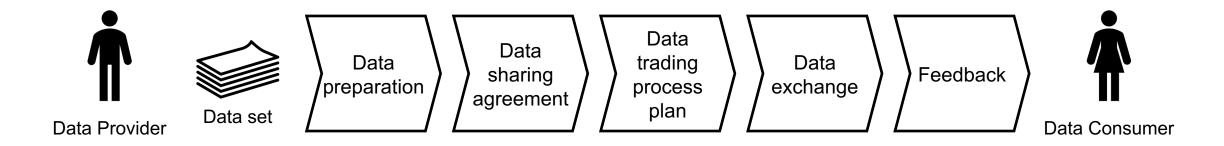
TEADAL 1st Workshop, Milan, Italy

Milan, 14 March 2024

# **Data sharing**



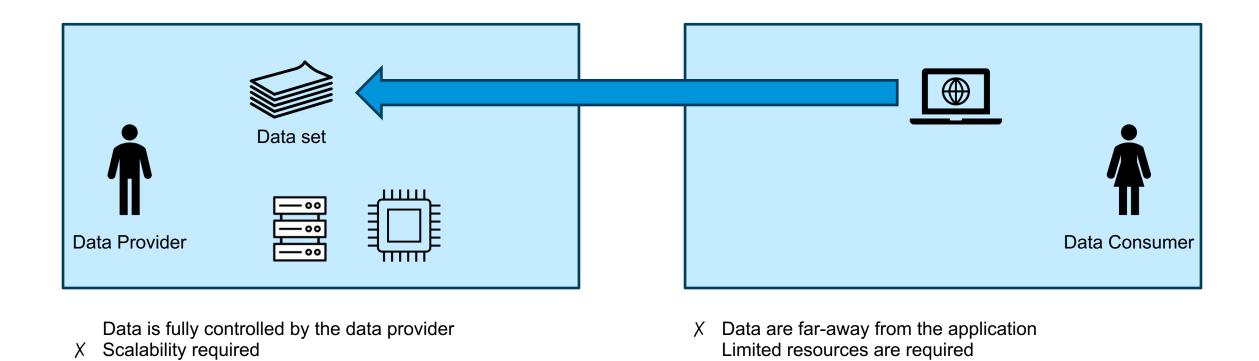
- Data sharing is the domain-independent process of giving third parties <u>access</u> to the data sets of others. [...]
- What the data may be used for and how it is made available is determined within the framework of the (legal) <u>agreements</u> [...]



Jussen, I., Schweihoff, J., Dahms, V., Möller, F., and Otto, B. (2023): Data Sharing Fundamentals: Definition and Characteristics. In Proceedings of the 56th Hawaii International Conference on System Sciences (HICSS), Maui, Hawaii, USA.

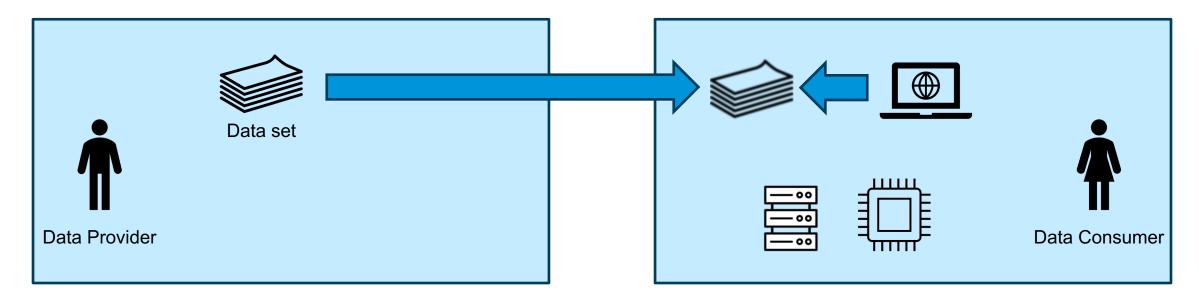
# Data access: continuous access / move application





#### Data access: move data



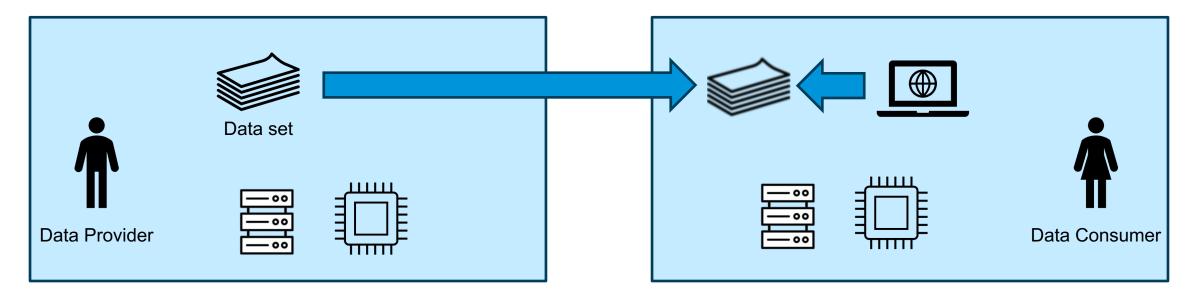


- X Tailored copy of the data is needed for each consumer
- X Full control is not ensured Limited resources are required

- Latency is reduced
- X Computational resources required

## Data access: mixed environment





Critical computation at provider side Limited scalability (full) control on the data Latency is reduced Limited resources are required

# **Data sharing agreement**



- Data sovereignty (data provider):
  - Be sure that business critical data are not disclosed
  - Be sure that shared data are properly used
  - Being in the (full) control of my data
- Data trustworthiness (data consumer):
  - Data have quality
  - Data are reliable

### Data mesh in a nutshell



Socio-technical system that can support organizations in better managing data for analytical purposes

#### **Domain ownership**

- Responsibilities of the data are given to the people that are closer to them
- Talking about people and not technology

#### Data as a product

- having in mind the final consumer
- data need to be curated, properly described, made visible, and easily and efficiently accessible

#### **Self-service data platform**

a common platform offering a set of capabilities to support the data life-cycle managed is offered

#### Federated computational governance

common data governance based on policies that enactment needs to be automated as much as possible

## **Data mesh and trustworthiness**



Socio-technical system that can support organizations in better managing data for analytical purposes

#### Domain ownership

- Responsibilities of the data are given to the people that are closer to them
- Talking about people and not technology

#### Data as a product

- having in mind the final consumer
- data need to be curated, properly described, made visible, and easily and efficiently accessible

#### **Self-service data platform**

 a common platform offering a set of capabilities to support the data life-cycle managed is offered

#### Federated computational governance

 common data governance based on policies that enactment needs to be automated as much as possible

# Data mesh and sovereignty



Data product owner is not the data owner Sovereignty is out of the scope of data mesh

#### **TEADAL** and Data mesh



Data mesh is about a **single** organization where internal teams are federated

## TEADAL is about a **federation of organizations**

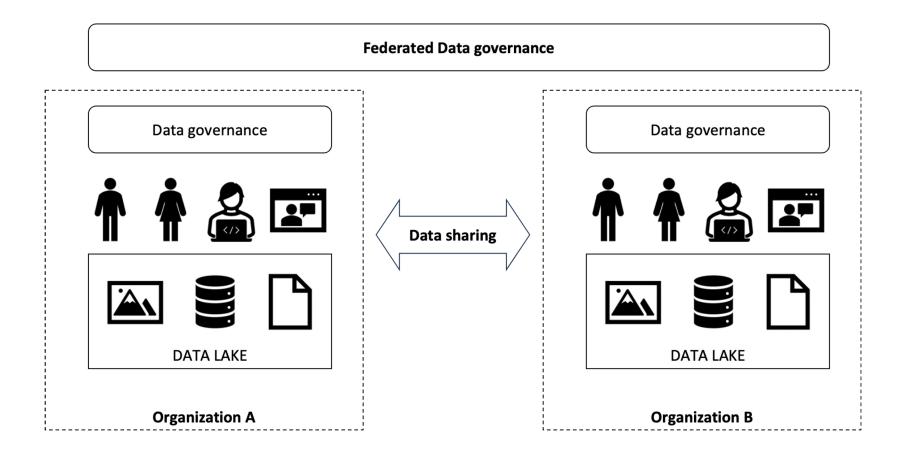
- We want to improve the single node (via stretched data lakes)
- We want to improve the trustworthiness (via a trusted federation)

## Main questions:

- Are the data mesh principles applicable to federation of organizations that want to share data?
- Which are the implications in this choice?
- Which are the tools that could be offered to support this vision?

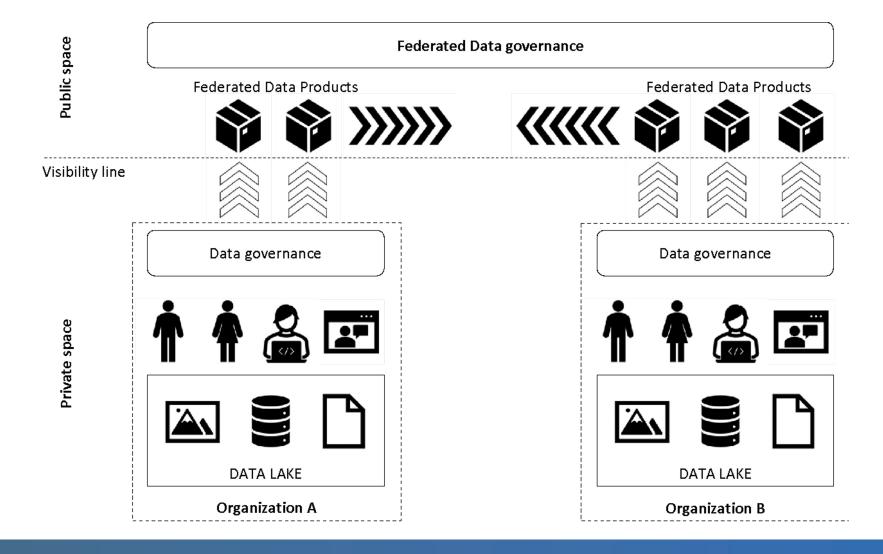
# **TEADAL** approach





# **Applying Data mesh principles to TEADAL**





# The data sharing process in TEADAL



**Data Consumer** 





Data

trading

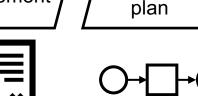
process

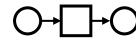














Data

exchange



Feedback





Monitoring

Auditing

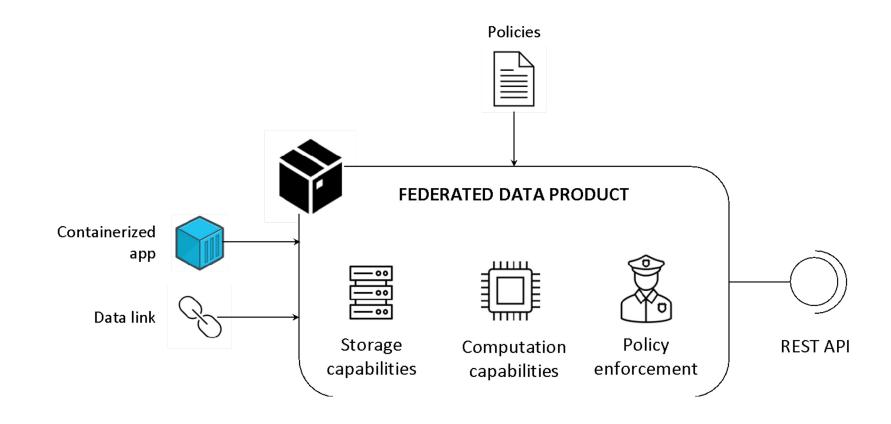


Agreement

Sharing pipeline

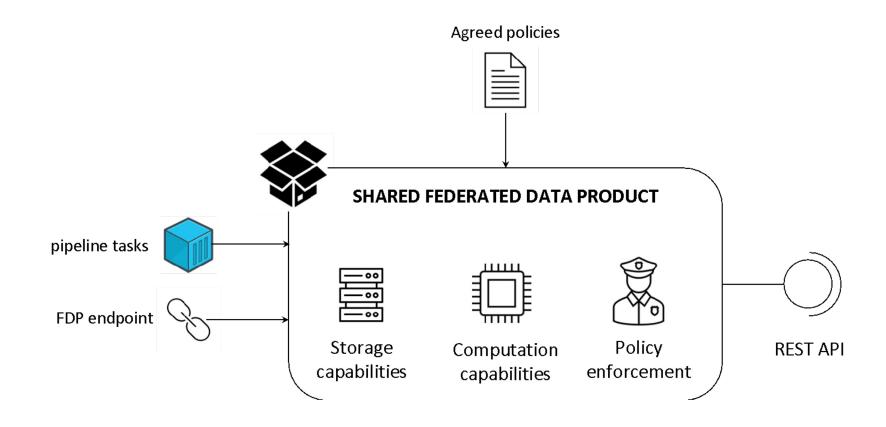
## **Federated Data Product**





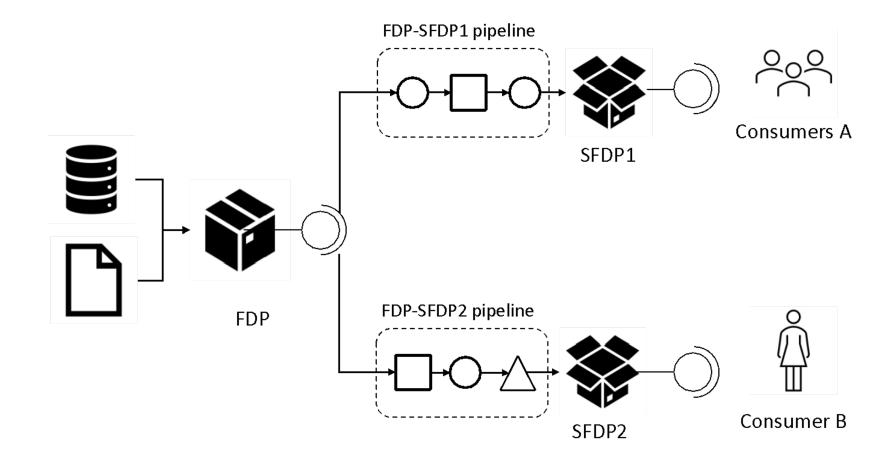
## **Shared Federated Data Product**





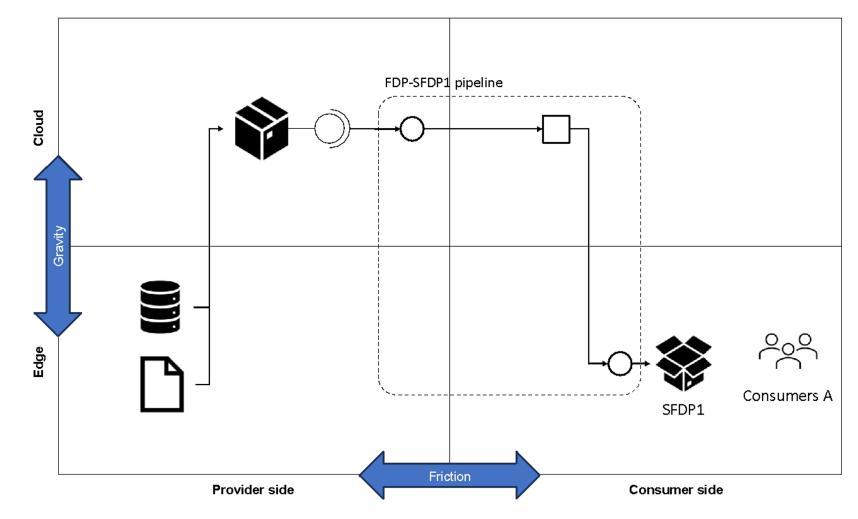
# The data access





# **Gravity and friction**





# Take aways



- Data mesh has been adopted in TEADAL as a pillar to define the data sharing in federated settings
- Moving outside the organization requires:
  - Mechanisms to efficiently move the data or applications
  - Ensure the trust
  - Guarantee the sovereignty
- Service orientation (which is actually already present in the data product) is the second pillar addressing the new aspects

In TEADAL the service orientation is made explicit

## References



(Plebani et al, 2023) Pierluigi Plebani, Ronen Kat, Frank Pallas, Sebastian Werner, Giacomo Inches, Peeter Laud and Rita Santiago, Teadal: Trustworthy, Energy-Aware federated DAta Lakes along the computing continuum, CAiSE 2023 Forum

(Falconi, Plebani, 2023) Matteo Falconi, Pierluigi Plebani, Adopting Data Mesh principles to Boost Data Sharing for Clinical Trials, ICDH, 2023

(Salnitri 2023) Mattia Salnitri, Pierluigi Plebani, Towards Designing Energy-Aware Cybersecurity Policies, CAiSE Forum 2023

## **Meet the TEADAL Consortium**



































